AMENDMENT TO THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims to read as follows:

- 1. (Canceled) A method for making a diamond tool comprising the steps of:
- a) providing a mold having a diamond interface surface configuration which inversely corresponds to a desired shape for a working surface of the tool;
- b) coating said diamond interface surface with diamond using a chemical vapor deposition (CVD) technique to form a diamond layer; and
- c) separating the mold from the diamond layer;
 such that the resultant diamond layer has a working surface which inversely corresponds to the diamond interface surface configuration of the mold.
- 2. (Canceled) The method of claim 1, wherein said mold comprises a metal material.
- 3. (Canceled) The method of claim 2, wherein said metal material is a member selected from the group consisting of tungsten, molybdenum, tantalum, zirconium, vanadium, chromium, carbides thereof, copper, and mixtures thereof.
- 4. (Canceled) The method of claim 1, wherein said diamond interface surface is smooth.
- 5. (Canceled) The method of claim 1, wherein said diamond interface surface is rough.

- 6. (Canceled) The method of claim 1, wherein said diamond interface surface has a concave configuration.
- 7. (Canceled) The method of claim 1, wherein said diamond interface surface has a convex configuration.
- 8. (Canceled) The method of claim 1, wherein said diamond interface surface configuration inversely corresponds to the shape of a drawing die.
- 9. (Canceled) The method of claim 8, wherein said drawing die has a channel with a non-spherical shape.
- 10. (Canceled) The method of claim 1, wherein said diamond interface surface configuration inversely corresponds to the shape of a chemical mechanical polishing (CMP) pad dresser.
- 11. (Canceled) The method of claim 1, wherein said diamond interface surface configuration inversely corresponds to the shape of a pipe.
- 12. (Canceled) The method of claim 1, wherein said diamond interface surface configuration inversely corresponds to the shape of a diaphragm.

- 13. (Canceled) The method of claim 1, wherein said diamond interface surface configuration inversely corresponds to the shape of a cutting element.
- 14. (Canceled) The method of claim 13, wherein said cutting element contains chip breakers.
- 15. (Canceled) The method of claim 1, wherein said diamond layer has a thickness of from about 20 microns to about 200 microns.
- 16. (Canceled) The method of claim 1, further comprising the step of increasing the thickness of said diamond layer to a desired thickness, using a non-chemical vapor deposition process.
- 17. (Canceled) The method of claim 1, wherein said CVD technique is a member selected from the group consisting of: hot filament, microwave plasma, oxyacetylene flame, and arc jet techniques.
- 18. (Canceled) The method of claim 17, wherein said CVD technique utilizes a combination of methane and hydrogen gasses.
- 19. (Canceled) The method of claim 1, wherein step c) is accomplished by chemically removing the mold from the diamond layer.

- 20. (Canceled) The method of claim 1, further comprising the step of attaching said diamond layer to a non-diamond material for incorporation into a tool.
- 21. (Currently amended) A diamond tool formed by the process comprising the steps of:
- a) providing a mold having a diamond interface surface configuration which inversely corresponds to a desired shape for a working surface of the tool:
- b) coating said diamond interface surface with diamond using a chemical vapor deposition (CVD) technique to form a diamond layer; and
 - c) separating the mold from the diamond layer;

such that the resultant diamond layer has a working surface which inversely corresponds to the diamond interface surface configuration of the mold and a growth surface opposite the working surface; and

- d) forming a tool body against at least a portion of the growth surface of the diamond layer.
- 22. (Original) The diamond tool of claim 21, wherein said mold comprises a metal material.
- 23. (Original) The diamond tool of claim 22, wherein said metal material is a member selected from the group consisting of tungsten, molybdenum, tantalum, zirconium, vanadium, chromium, carbides thereof, copper, and mixtures thereof.
- 24. (Original) The diamond tool of claim 21, wherein said diamond interface surface is smooth.

- 25. (Original) The diamond tool of claim 21, wherein said diamond interface surface is rough.
- 26. (Original) The diamond tool of claim 21, wherein said diamond interface surface has a concave configuration.
- 27. (Original) The diamond tool of claim 21, wherein said diamond interface surface has a convex configuration.
- 28. (Original) The diamond tool of claim 21, wherein said diamond interface surface configuration inversely corresponds to the shape of a drawing die.
- 29. (Original) The diamond tool of claim 28, wherein said drawing die has a channel with a non-spherical shape.
- 30. (Original) The diamond tool of claim 21, wherein said diamond interface surface configuration inversely corresponds to the shape of a chemical mechanical polishing (CMP) pad dresser.
- 31. (Original) The diamond tool of claim 21, wherein said diamond interface surface configuration inversely corresponds to the shape of a pipe.

- 32. (Original) The diamond tool of claim 21, wherein said diamond interface surface configuration inversely corresponds to the shape of a diaphragm.
- 33. (Original) The diamond tool of claim 21, wherein said diamond interface surface configuration inversely corresponds to the shape of a cutting element.
- 34. (Original) The diamond tool of claim 33, wherein said cutting element contains chip breakers.
- 35. (Original) The diamond tool of claim 21, wherein said diamond layer has a thickness of from about 20 microns to about 200 microns.
- 36. (Original) The diamond tool of claim 21, further comprising the step of increasing the thickness of said diamond layer to a desired thickness, using a non-chemical vapor deposition process.
- 37. (Original) The diamond tool of claim 21, wherein said CVD technique is a member selected from the group consisting of: hot filament, microwave plasma, oxyacetylene flame, and arc jet techniques.
- 38. (Original) The diamond tool of claim 37, wherein said CVD technique utilizes a combination of methane and hydrogen gasses.

- 39. (Original) The diamond tool of claim 21, wherein step c) is accomplished by chemically removing the mold from the diamond layer.
- 40. (Canceled) The diamond tool of claim 21, further comprising the step of attaching said diamond layer to a non-diamond material for incorporation into a tool.
- 41. (Currently amended) A diamond tool comprising:
- a) a diamond layer having <u>a</u> working surface <u>and a growth surface opposite the working surface, said the working surface having with a shape which inversely corresponds to the configuration of a diamond interface surface in an ephemeral mold, upon which said diamond layer is deposited; and</u>
 - b) a non-diamond layer formed against joined to the diamond layer.
- 42. (Original) The diamond tool of claim 41, wherein said working surface is smooth.
- 43. (Original) The diamond tool of claim 41, wherein said working surface is rough.
- 44. (Original) The diamond tool of claim 41, wherein said working surface has a concave configuration.
- 45. (Original) The diamond tool of claim 41, wherein said working surface has a convex

	~		•
con	tio	urati	ınn

- 46. (Original) The diamond tool of claim 41, wherein said tool is a drawing die.
- 47. (Original) The diamond tool of claim 46, wherein said drawing die has a channel with a non-spherical shape.
- 48. (Original) The diamond tool of claim 41, wherein said tool is a chemical mechanical polishing (CMP) pad dresser.
- 49. (Original) The diamond tool of claim 41, wherein said tool is a pipe water jet nozzle.
- 50. (Original) The diamond tool of claim 41, wherein said diamond tool is a diaphragm.
- 51. (Original) The diamond tool of claim 41, wherein said tool is a cutting element.
- 52. (Original) The diamond tool of claim 51, wherein said cutting element contains chip breakers.
- 53. (Original) The diamond tool of claim 41, wherein said diamond layer has a thickness of from about 20 microns to about 200 microns.

- 54. (Canceled) The diamond tool of claim 41, said diamond layer is comprises both diamond deposited using a CVD technique, and diamond which was not deposited using a CVD technique.
- 55. (Canceled) The method of claim 1, wherein said diamond interface surface is not subjected to mechanical finishing.
- 56. (Canceled) The method of claim 1, wherein said diamond working surface is essential free of micro cracks.
- 57. (Canceled) The method of claim 1, wherein said diamond interface surface configuration inversely corresponds to the shape of an extruding die.
- 58. (Canceled) The method of claim 11, wherein said diamond pipe is a water jet nozzle.
- 59. (Canceled) The method of claim 12, wherein said diamond diaphragm is a tweeter diaphragm.
- 60. (Canceled) The method of claim 13, wherein said cutting element is an insert.
- 61. (Canceled) The method of claim 21, wherein said diamond interface surface configuration inversely corresponds to the shape of an extruding die.

- 62. (Canceled) The method of claim 31, wherein said diamond pipe is a water jet nozzle.
- 63. (Canceled) The method of claim 32, wherein said diamond diaphragm is a tweeter diaphragm.
- 64. (Canceled) The method of claim 33, wherein said cutting element is an insert.